

		largest	urban agglomeration or Capital city			
		Largest	Official languag			
			Surface area (square kms			
			Population density (per square km	n): 37		
D	EMOGRAPHIC AN	ND SOCIOECONOMICS S	TATISTICS ^a	YEARS	ERITREA	WHO AFRICAN
			(000)	0005	4 404	REGION
	umber		(000)	2005	4 401	738 083
	nnual growth rate		(%)	1995–2004	3,2	2,2
	urban		(%)	2005 2004	21 5,4	38 5,3
Total fertility rate (per wo Adolescent fertility proportion			(%)		5,4 8,1	5,3 11,7
Adult literacy rate			(%)	2000 2000–2004	-	60,1
	mont ratio	Males		2000-2004	49	70
Net primary school enrolr		Females	(%) (%)	1998–2004	49 42	63
Gross national income pe	ar canita	I CIIIdles	(%) (PPP Int.\$)	2004	42	2 074
Population living below th			· ,	1997-2003		2074
			(% with <\$1a day)	1997-2003		44
Data not available or i		<i>,,</i> ,	<i>,</i>			
* WORLD HEALTH STAT	ISTICS 2006 http://	/www.who.int/whosis/en	/			
						WHO
	HEALTH STA	TUS STATISTICS MORTA	LITY *	YEARS	ERITREA	AFRICAN REGION
Life expectancy at birth (vears)		Males	2004	58	47
Life expectancy at birth (Females	2004	62	49
Healthy life expectancy (I		ars)	Males	2004	49	40
Healthy life expectancy (I			Females	2002	51	42
Probability of dying per 1	,		Males	2002	345	519
(adult mortality rate)		tween 15 and 00 years	Females	2004	281	465
Probability of dying per 1	000 live births und	ler 5 vears (under-5	T CITIZICS	2004	201	400
mortality rate)		ier 5 years (under-5	Both sexes	2004	82	167
Infant mortality rate (per	1 000 live births)		Both sexes	2004	52	100
Neonatal mortality rate (p	per 1 000 live births	3)	Both sexes	2000	25	43
Maternal mortality ratio (p	per 100 000 live bi	ths)	Females	2000	630	910
			HIV/AIDS	2003	155	313
Cause-specific mortality	rate (per 100 000 p	oopulation) (Both sexes)	TB among HIV-negative people	2004	52	53
			TB among HIV-positive people	2004	9	28
			Non-communicable diseases	2002	762	800
Age-standardized mortali	ty rate by cause (p	per 100 000 population)	Cardio-vascular diseases	2002	398	404
(Both sexes)		,	Cancer	2002	133	144
			Injuries	2002	92	133
			Communicable diseases	2002	81	59
Years of life lost by broad	ler causes (%) (B	oth sexes)	Non-communicable diseases	2002	11	10
		,	Injuries	2002	8	8
			Neonatal causes	2000	27,4	26,2
			HIV/AIDS	2000	6,2	6,8
			Diarrhoeal diseases	2000	15,6	16,6
Causes of death among of	children under 5 ve	ears of age (%) (Both	Measles	2000	2,5	4,3
sexes)		U () (Malaria	2000	13,6	17,5
,			Pneumonia	2000	18,6	21,1
			Injuries	2000	3,0	1,9
			Other	2000	13,0	5,6
				_,,,,	,•	2,0

... Data not available or not applicable.

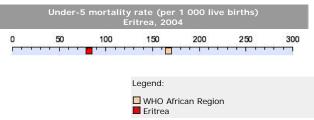
^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/



Mortality Country Fact Sheet 2006

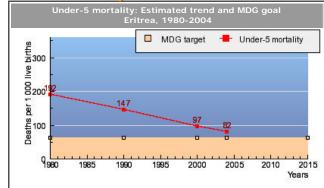


Summary	Year	Males	Females	Both sexes
Population (millions)	2005	2.2	2.2	4.4
Life expectancy (years)	2004	58	62	60
Under-5 mortality (per 1 000 live births)	2004	89	75	82
Adult mortality (per 1 000)	2004	345	281	
Maternal mortality (per 100 000 live births) Source: World Health Statistics 2006	2000		630	

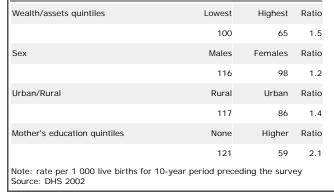


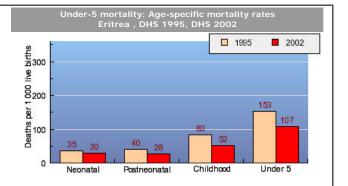
Source: World Health Statistics 2006

Under-5 mortality

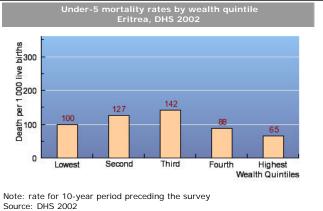


Source: i) WHO mortality database ii) World Health Statistics 2006





Note: rate for 5 years preceding the survey Source: DHS 1995 , DHS 2002





Mortality Country Fact Sheet 2006

Causes of death in children under-5

among children	of causes of death under 5 years of age , 2000-2003	
	Deaths ^b	Regional average
Causes	(%)	(%)
Total neonatal deaths	100	100
Neonatal causes ^a	27	26
HIV/AIDS	6	7
Diarrhoeal diseases	16	17
Measles	3	4
Malaria	14	17
Pneumonia	19	21
Injuries	3	2
Others	13	6
a Inductor diambaga during n	onotal nariad	

a. Includes diarrhoea during neonatal periodb. Sum of individual proportions may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

by cau	ed proportions of se for neonates itrea, 2000	death
	Deaths ^c	Regional average ^c
Causes	(%)	(%)
Total neonatal deaths	100	100
Neonatal tetanus	7	9
Severe infection ^a	34	27
Birth asphyxia	26	24
Diarrhoeal diseases	2	3
Congenital anomalies	5	6
Preterm birth ^b	20	23
Others	7	7

and other infections during the neonatal period.b. Includes only deaths directly attributed to prematurity and to specific complications of preterm birth such as surfactant deficiency, but not all deaths in preterm infants.

Causes of Death

Top ten causes of Eritrea,					Life	expectan		h among a, 2004	males (y	ears)	
	Deaths		Years of Life Lost	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
Causes	(000)	(%)	(%)		Life e	xpectanc	v at birth	among f	females (vears)	
All causes	41	100	100					a, 2004			
Lower respiratory infections	6	16	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
HIV/AIDS	6	16	16	30	.+w		00		- W	30	- 100
Perinatal conditions	2	6	8		1	<u> </u>				1	
Diarrhoeal diseases	2	6	8								
Malaria	2	6	8		Matern	al morta			000 live	births)	
Tuberculosis	2	5	5				Eritrea	a, 2000			
Cerebrovascular disease	1	4	1	0		500	10	00	1500		2000
Ischaemic heart disease	1	3	1		- T - T	- - - - -	· · ·				
Measles	1	3	4								
Road traffic accidents	0	2	2				Legend				
Source: Death and DALY estimates by ca	ause, 2002						_				
http://www.who.int/entity/healthinfo/sta	atistics/bodgbddea	thdalyes	stimates.xls				🛄 WHO 📕 Eritre	African Re	egion		
							Source:	World He	alth Statist	ics 2006	

c. Sum of individual proportions may not equal 100% due to rounding.



Country Health System Fact Sheet 2006 Eritrea

HEALTH STATUS STATIS		YEARS	ERITREA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
HIV prevalence amond adults (15 - 49) (%)	Both sexes	2003	2,7	7,1
TB prevalence (per 100 000 population)	Both sexes	2004	437	518
TB incidence (per 100 000 population)	Both sexes	2004	271	356
Number of comfirmed polio cases Data not available or not applicable.	Both sexes	2005	1	854

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

BEHAVIOUR AND ENVIRONMENTAL R	ISK FACTORS ^a	YEARS	ERITREA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
Non-communicable diseases - Infobase for the country	See> http://www.afr	o.who.int/dnc/infobase/Eritro	ea.pdf	
Chilfren under-5 stunted for age (Both sexes) (%)		2002	37,6	
Children under-5 underweight for age (Both sexes) (%)		2002	39,6	
Children under-5 overweight for age (Both sexes) (%)		2002	0,7	
Newborns with low birth weight (Both sexes) (%)		2000-2002	21	14
Adults (≥15) who are obese (%)	Males	2002		
Adults ((213) with all obese (70)	Females	2002	1,6	
Access to improved water courses (0)	Urban	2002	72	84
Access to improved water sources (%)	Rural	2002	54	45
Access to improved equitation $(0())$	Urban	2002	34	58
Access to improved sanitation (%)	Rural	2002	3	28
	Urban	2003	31	
Population using solid fuels (%)	Rural	2003	97	
Prevalence of current tobacco use (%) Adolescents (13 - 15)	Both sexes	2006	6,6	
	Males			
Prevalence of current tobacco use (%) Adults (≥15)	Females			
Condom use by young people (15 - 24) at higher risk sex (%)	Males Females			
Data not available or not applicable				

... Data not available or not applicable.

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/



Country Health System Fact Sheet 2006 Eritrea

HEALTH SER	VICES COVERAGE STA	ATISTICS ^a	YEARS	ERITREA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
	Measles	(%)	2004	84	66
Immunization coverage among 1-year-olds	DTP3	(%)	2004	83	66
	HepB3	(%)	2004	83	35
Antenatal care coverage	At least 1 visit	(%)	2001		
Anteriatal care coverage	At least 4 visits	(%)	2001	49	
Births attended by skilled health personnel		(%)	2002	28	
Contraceptive prevalence rate		(%)	2002	8,0	
Children under-5 sleeping under insecticide	-treated nets	(%)	2002	4,2	
Antiretroviral therapy coverage		(%)	Dec 2005	5	17
TB detection rate under DOTS		(%)	2004	14	48
TB detection treatment success DOTS		(%)	2003 cohort	85	72
Children under-5 with ARI symptoms taken	to facility	(%)	2002	43,6	
Children under-5 with diarrhoea receiving C	RT	(%)	2002	38,2	
Children under-5 with fever who received transmission	eatment with any	(%)	2002	3,6	
Children 6-59 months who received vitamin	A supplementation	(%)	2002	51,1	
Births by Caesarean section		(%)	1995	2	

... Data not available or not applicable.

^a WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

HEALTH SYSTEMS STATIS	YEARS	ERITREA		
Physicians	Number	2004	215	
	Density	2004	0,05	
Nurses	Number	2004	2 505	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,58	
Midwives	Number Density per 1000			
Dentists	Number	2004	16	
Demisis	Density per 1000	2004	0,00	
Pharmacists	Number	2004	107	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,02	
Public and environmental health workers	Number	2004	88	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,02	
Community Health workers	Number			
	Density per 1000			
Lab technicians	Number	2004	248	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,06	
Other health workers	Number	2004	56	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,01	
Health management and support workers	Number	2004	765	
	Density per 1000	2004	0,18	
Total expenditure on health as % of gross domestic product		2003	4,4	
General government expenditure on health as % of total exper		2003	45,5	
Private expenditure on health as % of total expenditure on hea		2003	54,5	
General government expenditure on health as % of total gover		2003	4,0	
External ressources for health as % of total expenditure on hea		2003	19,6	
Social security expenditure on health as % of general governme	•	2003	0,0	
Out-of-pocket expenditure as % of private expenditure on heal	th	2003	100,0	
Private prepaid plans as % of private expenditure on health		2003	0,0	
Per capita total expenditure on health at average exchange rat		2003	8	
Per capita total expenditure on health at international dollar rate		2003	50	
Per capita government expenditure on health at average excha		2003	4	
Per capita government expenditure on health at international d	ollar rate	2003	23	
Coverage of vital registration of deaths (%)		2002	<25	
Hospital beds (per 10 000)				

... Data not available or not applicable. " WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/

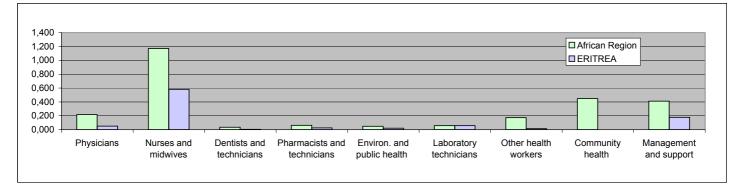


HUMAN RESOURCES FOR HEALTH Country Fact Sheet Eritrea

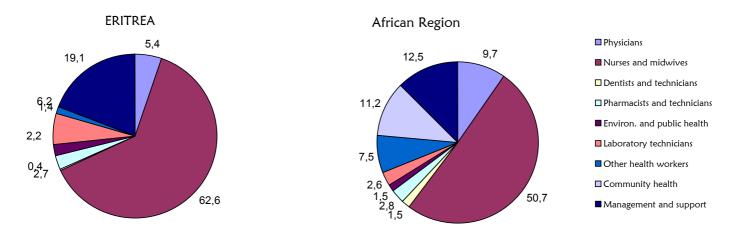
Total numbers and densities of the health workforce in ERITREA (2002)

		Density per	Density per
	Total number ERITREA	1000 ERITREA	1000 AFRO
Physicians	215	0,050	0,217
Nurses and midwives	2505	0,583	1,172
Dentists and technicians	16	0,004	0,035
Pharmacists and technicians	107	0,025	0,063
Environmental and public health workers	88	0,020	0,049
Laboratory technicians	248	0,058	0,057
Other health workers	56	0,013	0,173
Community health workers	n.a.	n.a.	0,449
Health management and support	765	0,178	0,411
Sum total	4000	0,931	2,626

Densities of health workers in ERITREA and in the African Region per 1000 population



Distribution of health workforce by cadre





Country Health System Fact Sheet 2006 Eritrea

MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS ^a	YEARS	ERITREA	WHO AFRICAN REGION
GOAL 1: ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER			
4. Prevalence of underweight children under five years of age	2000	40	26
5. Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption GOAL 4: REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY			
13. Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births, %)	1990		
	2003	85	171
	2004	82	167
14. Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births, %)	1990	81	
	2003	45	
	2004	52	100
15. Proportion of one-year-old children immunized against measles, %	2003	84	63
	2004	84	66
GOAL 5: IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH			
16.Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	1990	1400	
	1995	1100	
	2000	630	990
	2003		
	2004		
17. Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	2000	28	43
GOAL 6: COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA AND OTHER DISEASES			
18. HIV prevalence among pregnant women aged 15-24			
- HIV prevalence among adults (15-49) %, both sexes	2003	2,7	7,1
19. Condom use rate of the contraceptive prevalence rate			
- Contraceptive prevalence rate	2000	8	
20. Number of children orphaned by HIV/AIDS			
21. Prevalence rate associated with malaria			
- Death rates associated with malaria (per 100 000)	2000	68	
22. Proportion of population in malaria-risk areas using effective malaria prevention and trreatment measures			
23. Prevalence rate associated with tuberculosis (per 100 000)	1990	580	317
N /	2000	361	
	2004	437	518
- Death rates associated with tuberculosis	1990	63	41
	2000	44	
	2004	61	81
24. Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected under DOTS	2003	18	50
	2004	14	48
- Proportion of tuberculosis cases cured under DOTS	2002	82	73
	2003	85	72
GOAL 7: ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY			
29. Proportion of population using solid fuels	2002	80	76
30. Proportion of population with sustainable access to improved water source, urban	2002	72	84
- Proportion of population with sustainable access to improved water source, rural	2002	54	45
31. Proportion of urban population with access to improved sanitation	2002	34	58
- Proportion of rural population with access to improved sanitation	2002	3	28
GOAL 8: DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT			
46. Proportion of population with access to affordable essential drugs on a sustainable basis			

... Data not available or not applicable.

^a THE WORLD HEALTH REPORT 2004 UPDATED WITH THE WORLD HEALTH STATISTICS 2006 http://www.who.int/whosis/en/



